

# SourcePoint

## Getting Started Guide for the AAEON UP Xtreme i11

Revision 2.3

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## Revision History

Revision Number	Description	Date
1.0	Original document, describes v0000 board support	November 28, 2021
2.0	Added content for new support of v0001 (with the Type-C connector removed) AAeon UP Xtreme i11 board	May 30, 2022
2.1	Updated for WinDbg support and other perfective changes	December 3, 2023
2.2	Update for beta release SourcePoint 7.12.52	March 31, 2024
2.3	Production release documentation for 7.12.53.	May 5, 2024

## Welcome!

Thank you very much for your SourcePoint purchase! We appreciate you acquiring our best-in-class debugger, and hope you enjoy using it. We strive to deliver the most powerful, easy-to-use and polished product as possible. So, please feel free to share your feedback directly at our support site at <https://www.asset-intertech.com/support/>, or via your favorite social media outlet.

As with any new tool, mastering SourcePoint takes an investment in terms of time and effort. JTAG-based debug is a fairly specialized area, and low-level “on the metal” firmware development on x86 platforms is even more so. So, in your use of the tool, you may encounter behavior that seems non-intuitive or even wrong. You may be encountering a tool corner case, a limitation inherent in JTAG or DCI, or even a bug. If so, try a few different options as may be referenced in the [Troubleshooting](#) section of this Guide, and if it persists, give us a call. We are happy to support you.

## Boards and Cables

The board covered in this document is the AAEON UP Xtreme i11 board, based upon the Intel Tiger Lake CPU.

The Tiger Lake boards come in four flavors: Celeron, i3, i5 and i7. As of this writing, all boards are suited for Windows debugging. The Celeron boards is the least expensive and supports all the latest Intel debug and trace features such as Intel Processor Trace (Intel PT), Intel Trace Hub, Architectural Event Trace (AET), and others.



**WARNING:**

Do **NOT** plug a regular USB cable into the target and attempt to use DCI. Specialty cables, with VBUS snipped, are required; using a regular USB cable may possibly fry your target, or worse.

The main source to purchase the specialty DCI cable needed for SourcePoint debugging is ASSET InterTech. This target has its Type-C port enabled for DCI. If you have a debug host with a Type-A port, you'll need to purchase the part # ITPDCIAMCM1MU (1.0 meter) cable. The longer 1.8-meter ITPDCIAMCM2MU cable will work as well. If your host has a Type-C port, purchase the ITPDCIC2CD2U1M. Using Type-A/C hubs have been seen to work, but are not warranted. Type A/C adapters have been seen not to work.

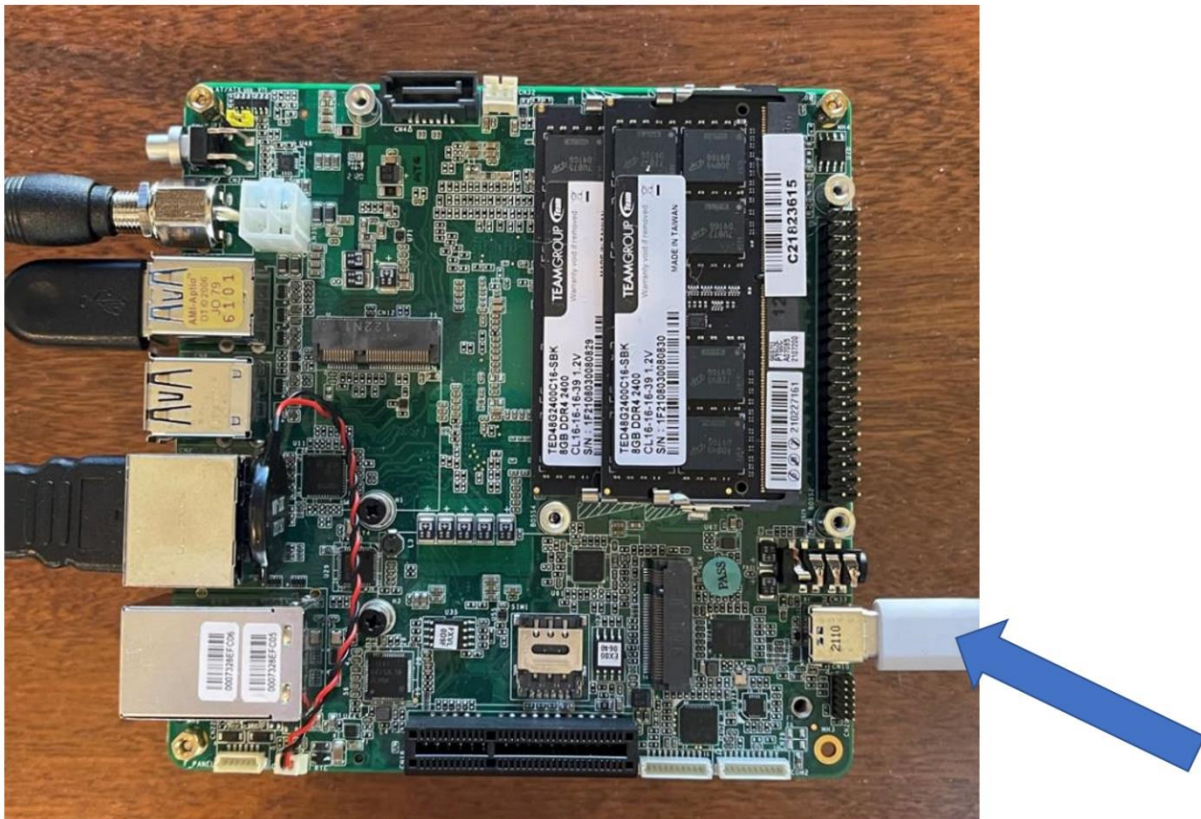
Contact your ASSET representative to obtain the cable needed for your configuration.

## BIOS Settings

The AAEON UP Xtreme i11 boards come equipped with an AMI Aptio BIOS that is based upon typical Intel Customer Reference Board (CRB) BIOS.

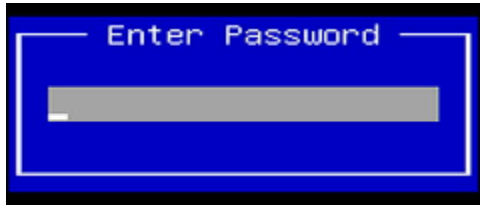
Luckily, the platform comes with all the necessary hardware hooks and firmware straps to support Intel Direct Connect Interface (DCI) out of the box.

The USB Type C port on the board is the port of interest:



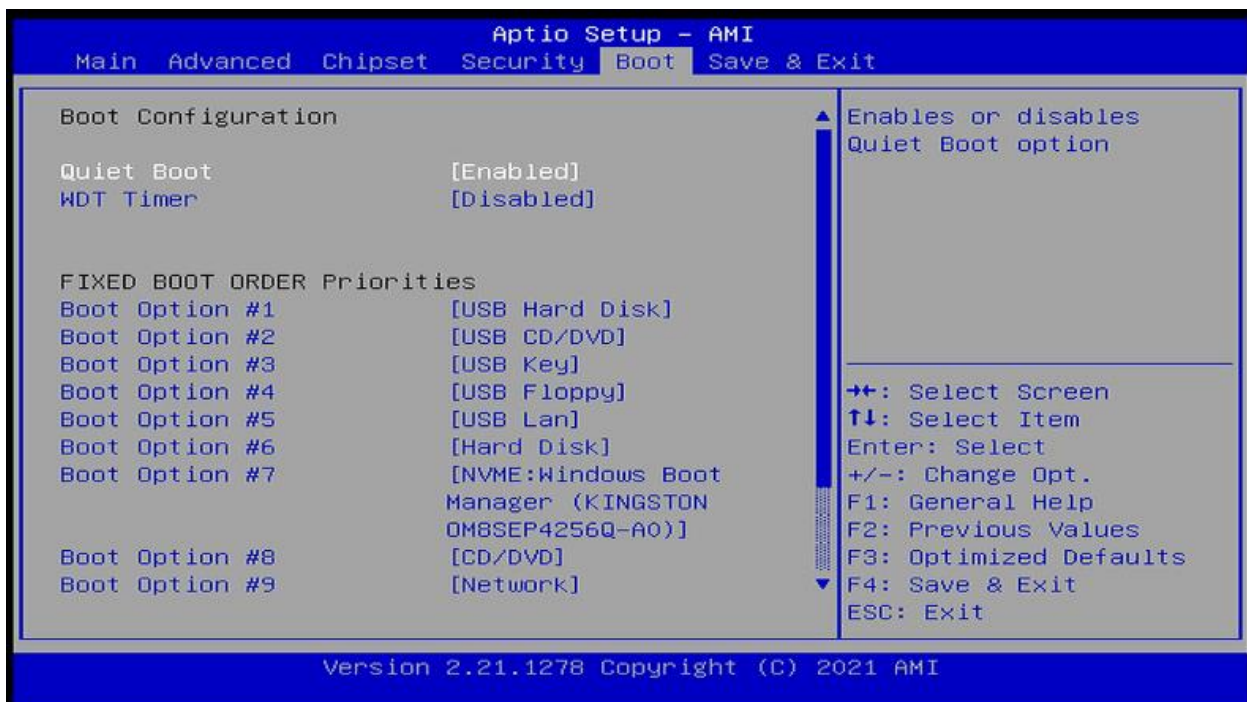
There are only a few BIOS settings to change for the board to work with SourcePoint and DCI: disable the board's Watchdog Timer (WDT), ensure that Windows doesn't wake it up, and turn on the Intel Trace Hub.

Go into the BIOS Boot menu (this is accomplished by rebooting the board, at the same time holding down the F7 key, and you'll be promoted for the password for the "CRB Advanced" BIOS menu. Note that CRB is Customer Reference Board, an Intel reference:



The password is upassw0rd.  
And that is a number “zero” (0) in the password, not the letter “o”.

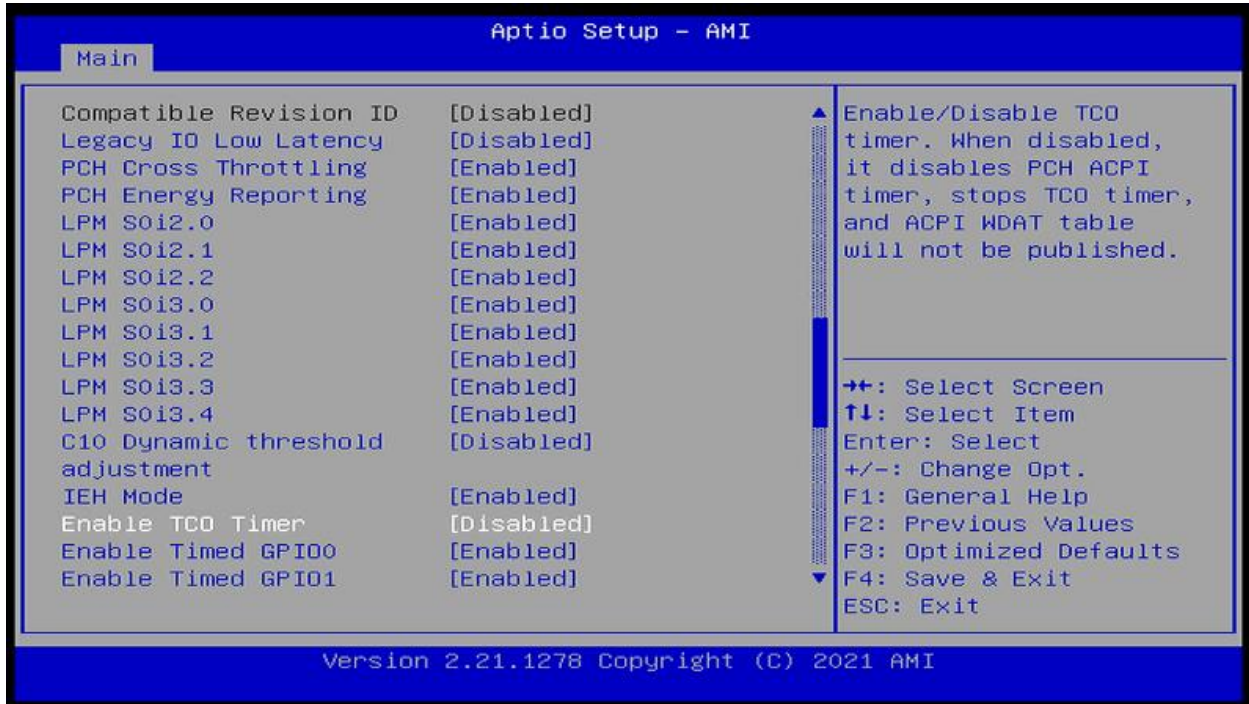
Enter Setup, and use the arrow key to move over to the Boot menu. and set WDT Timer -> Disabled. If you don't, run-control will be successful, but the board will power-cycle every 30 seconds; putting a real crimp in your debugging!



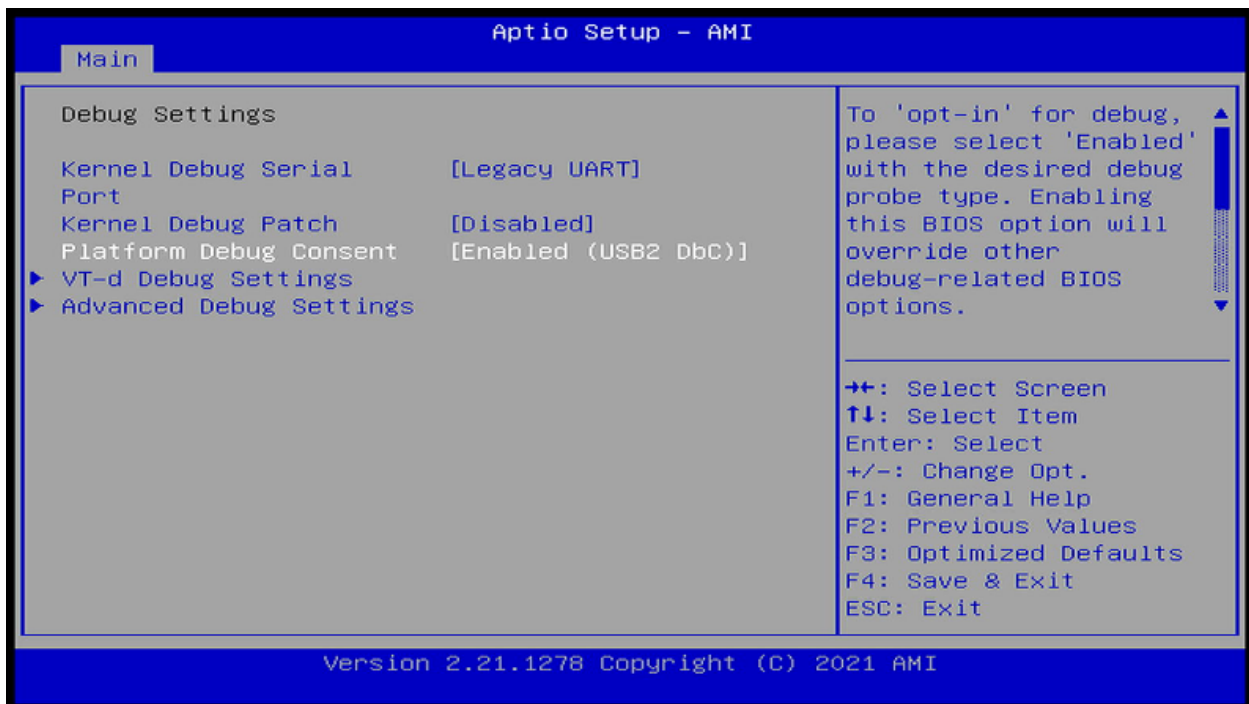
There is another setting within the CRB Advanced menu to Disable the TCO Timer from being re-enabled by Windows; this is set to Disabled by default when shipped from AAEON, but if you run into issues with run-control stability, you might want to check this:

CRB Setup > CRB Chipset > PCH-IO Configuration > Enable TCO Timer **must be set to Disabled.**





Finally, go to CRB Setup > CRB Advanced > Debug Settings and set Platform Debug Consent to Enabled (USB2 DbC):



**Remember to do a “Save & Exit” with the F4 key after the changes! Otherwise, your changes won’t be saved.**

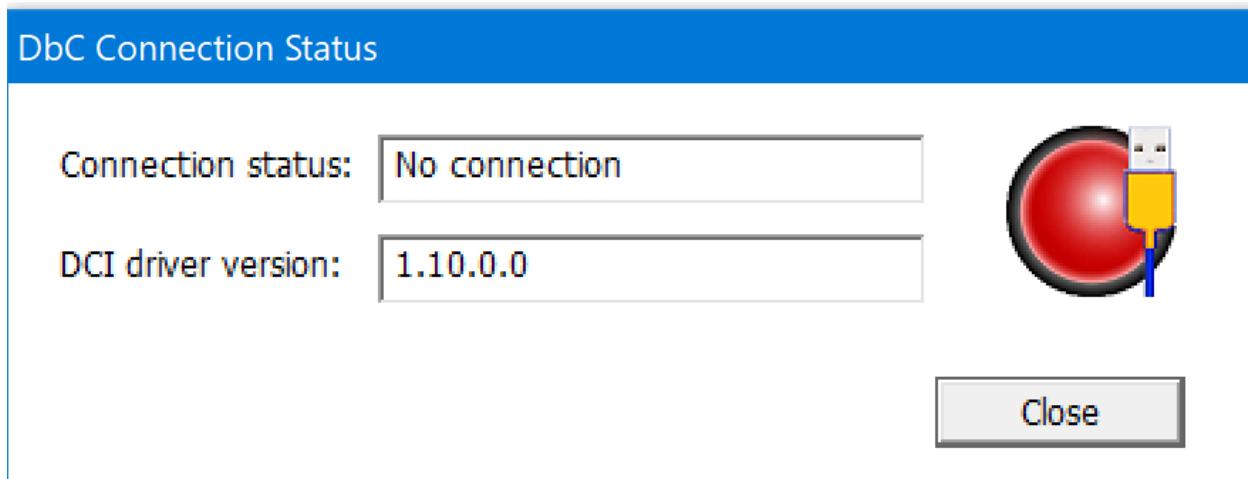
**Power Tip:** We have observed that, on very rare occasions, the saved settings that you’ve made will be undone by a “BIOS restore”. If you begin to observe strange effects, like autonomous platform resets while in run-control mode, check to ensure that the changes you’ve made have not been undone.

You are now ready to test your connection, and then launch SourcePoint and begin debugging.

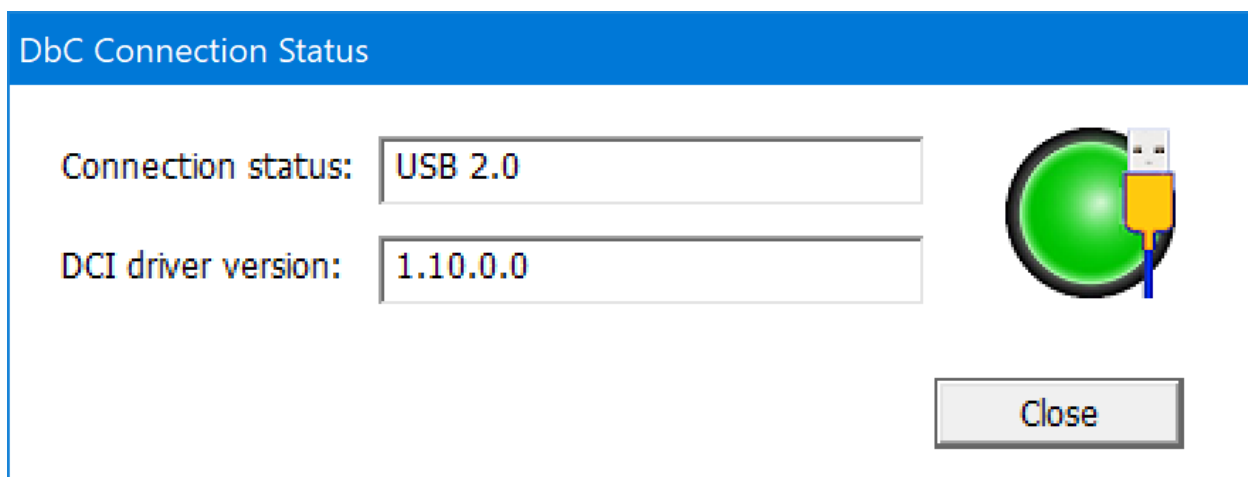
## DbCStatus.exe: Red is Bad, Green and Yellow are Good

Luckily, there is a convenient application in the SourcePoint install directory that will tell you that the DCI driver is successfully installed on your computer, and it is possible to make a connection between SourcePoint and the target.

Navigate to `C:\Program Files (x86)\Arium\SourcePoint 7.12.53` (where 53 is your current SourcePoint release), and launch the `DbCStatus.exe`. You should see the red ball, indicating that there is no connection:



Ensure that the Type-C cable is firmly connected to both the host and target, and power up the UP Xtreme i11. In a moment the ball should turn green:



Let the platform boot to the UEFI shell. Congratulations! You have a working DCI connection. It's smooth sailing from here.

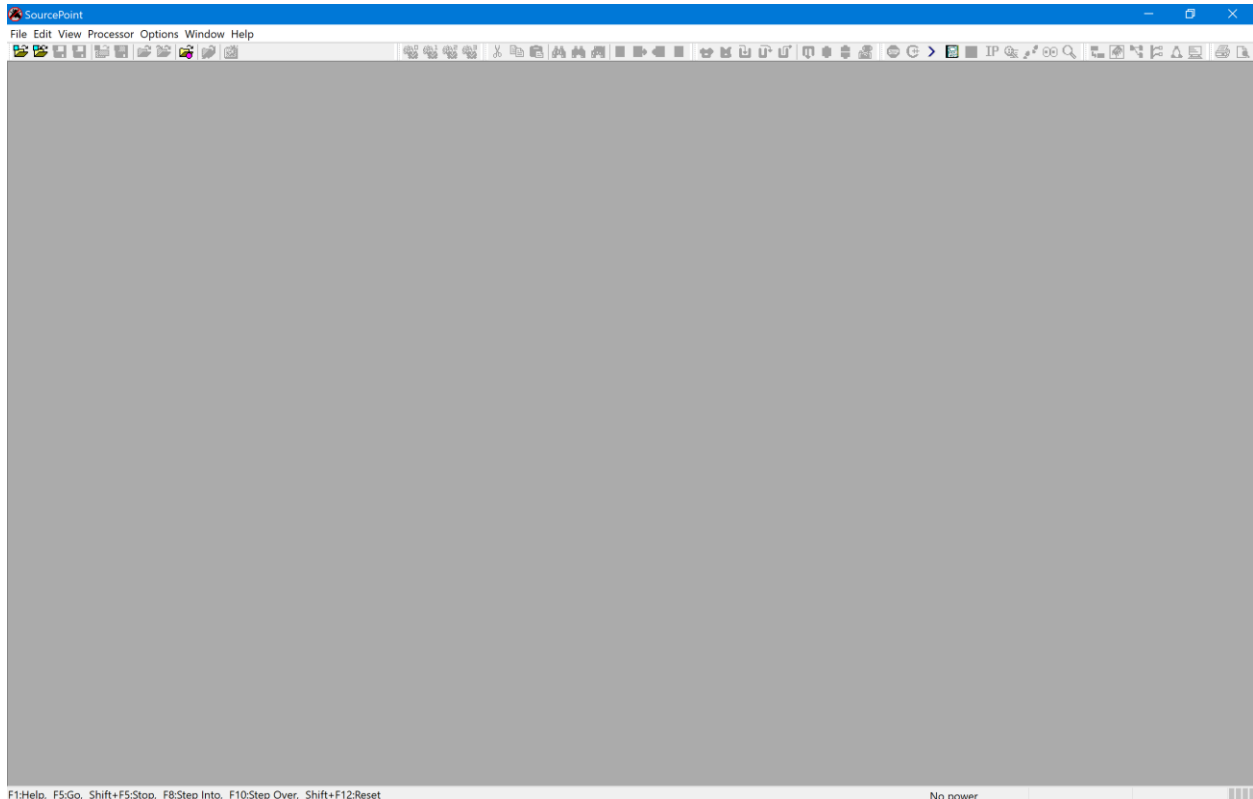
**Power Tip:** If you are using SourcePoint WinDbg for debugging this board, and have Windows already installed, there may be situations where you want to go to BIOS setup before booting all the way up to Windows. In this case, press F7 after powering on to stop at the BIOS setup.

**Power Tip:** The very latest version of the Celeron board will not power up successfully after a power cycle. Here's the workaround:

1. Apply power back to the target. You will see that it doesn't power up, and the blue light does not light up on the power switch.
2. Unplug the DCI cable from the Type-C plug.
3. The board will start to power up. Press F7 and you will stop at the UEFI menu password screen.
4. Hot Plug the Type-C cable back in. Your DCI connection will be restored, and you will see the DbCStatus ball turn green. You may continue your Windows debugging session.

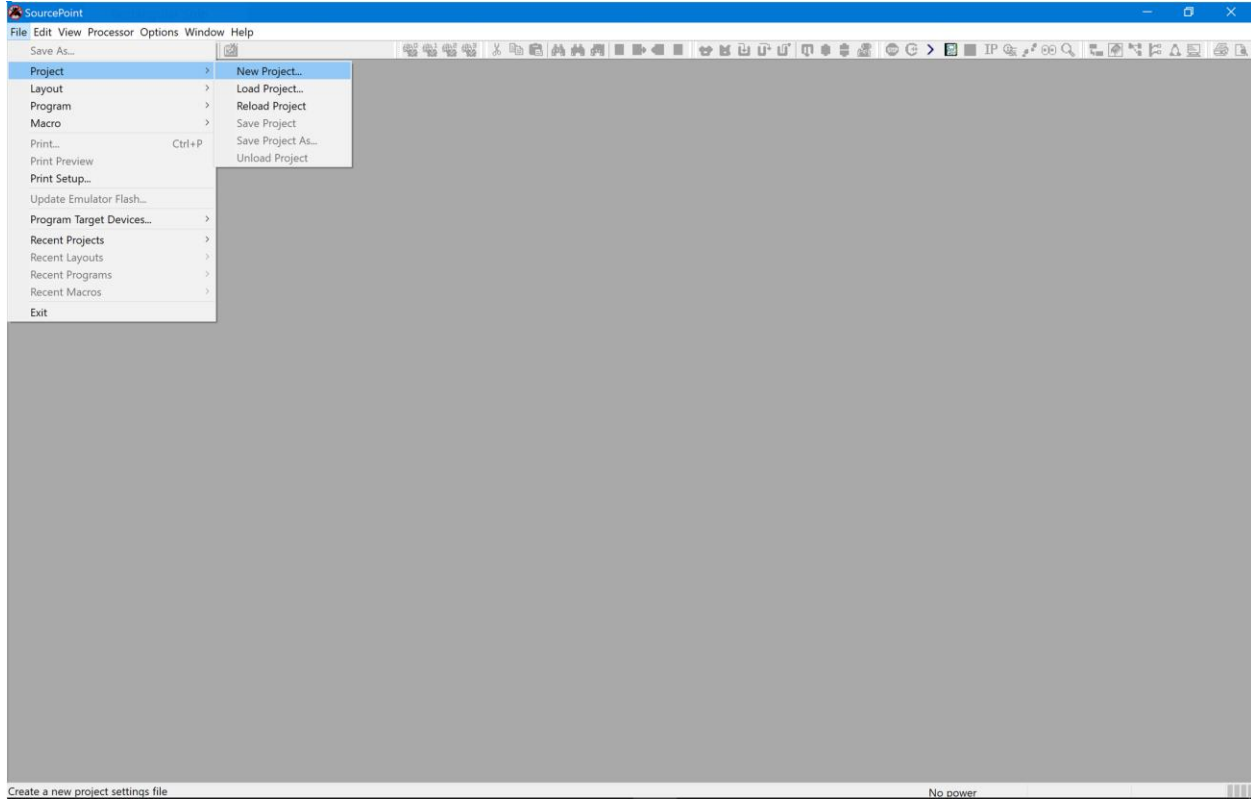
## Getting Started with SourcePoint

When you launch SourcePoint for the first time, you will see the main screen, mostly gray:

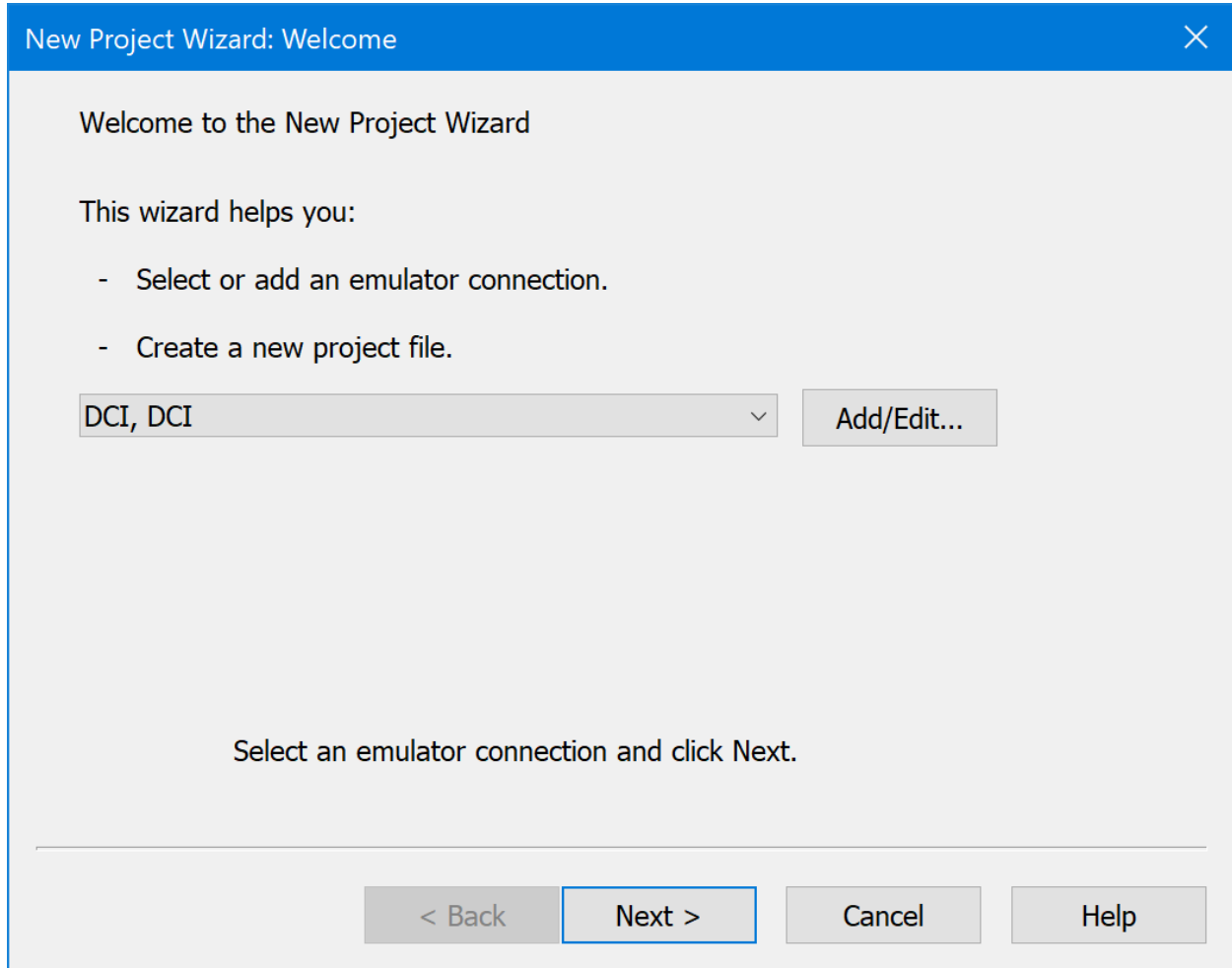


SourcePoint uses Projects (files with suffix .prj) as containers for your debugging session. You can create as many Projects as you want, with all your own preferences saved. Often, once you have the SourcePoint Project configured to your liking, you'll save it and use it repeatedly during your separate debugging sessions. Other users may wish to save a separate Project for each separate debugging session. That's really a matter of user preference and what you're debugging – it's your choice.

Now it's time to create the Project. Under `File > Project...` select `New Project`:



You'll be presented with the New Project Wizard (NPW). The emulator connection should be via DCI:



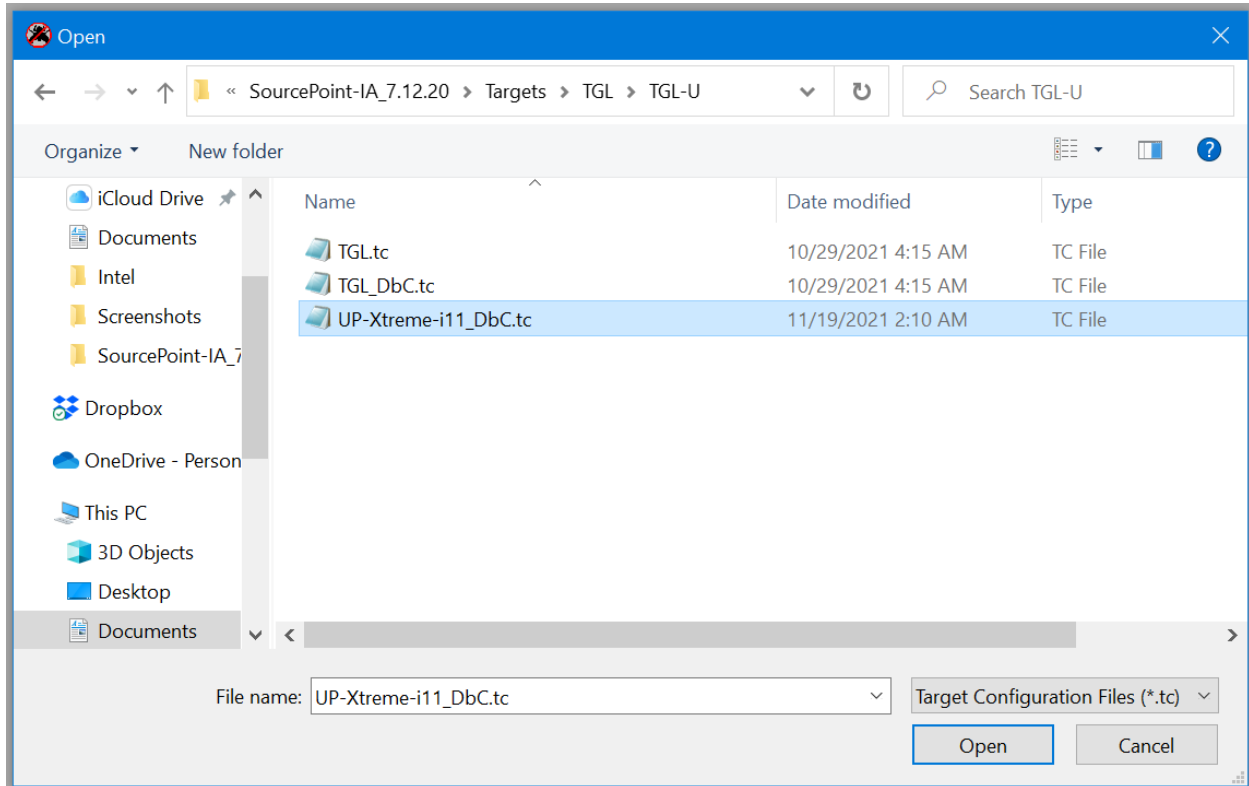
After hitting `Next`, you'll be prompted for the Project Name, Location to store the Project, and the location of the Target Configuration file:

The screenshot shows a 'New Project Wizard: Project File' dialog box. It is divided into two main sections: 'Project file' and 'Target configuration file'. In the 'Project file' section, the 'File name' field contains 'myproject' and the 'Location' field contains 'C:\Users\alans\Documents\Arium\SourcePoint-IA\_'. There are 'Browse...' buttons next to both fields. The 'Target configuration file' section has an empty text box and a 'Browse...' button. Below these sections is an 'Identify Target' button. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

Note that the Target Configuration (TC) files located in `C:\My Documents\Arium\Targets` are used in conjunction with the `jtag-devices.xml` file to define the specific silicon and SourcePoint settings necessary to ensure a successful DCI connection.

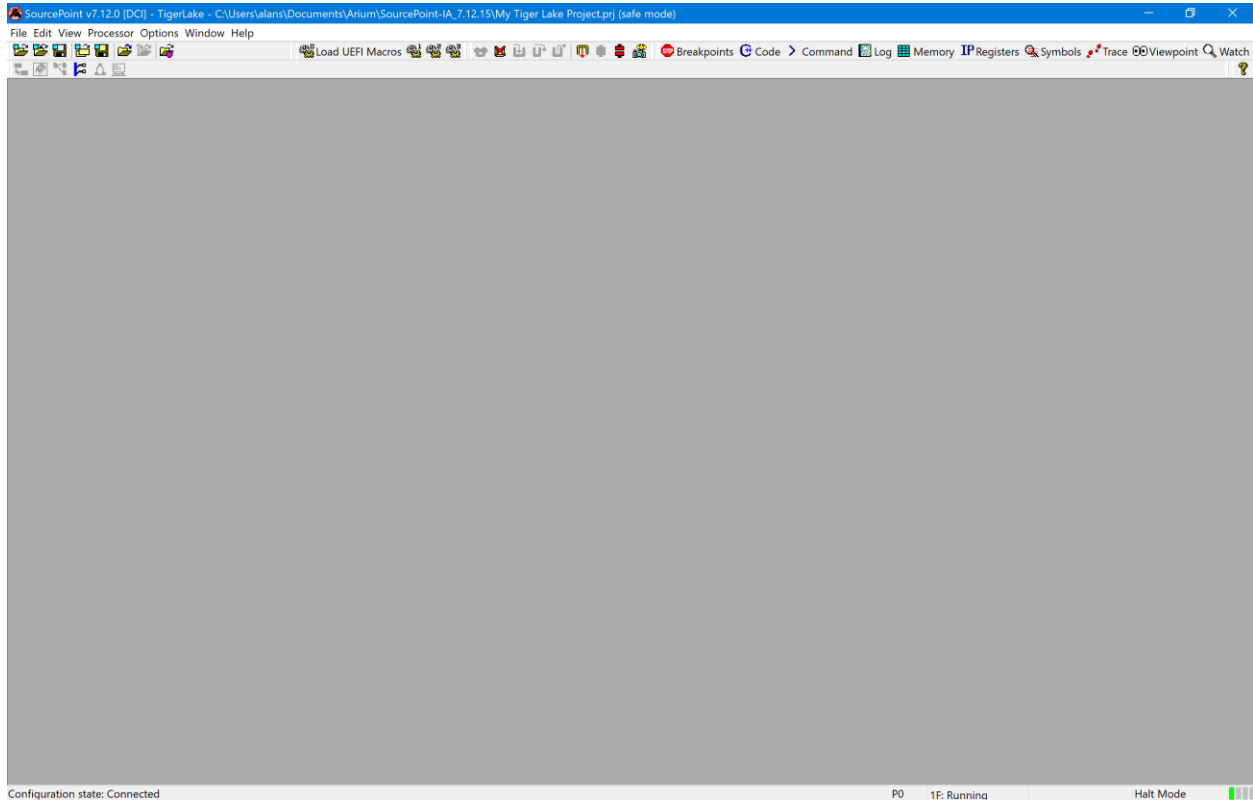
For the UP Xtreme i11 boards, custom TC files have been created, so you shouldn't do an `Identify Target` to automatically select the TC file of interest. Rather, manually select the specific TC file that is customized for this target (`TGL\UP-Xtreme-i11_DbC.tc`) and hit `Open`:



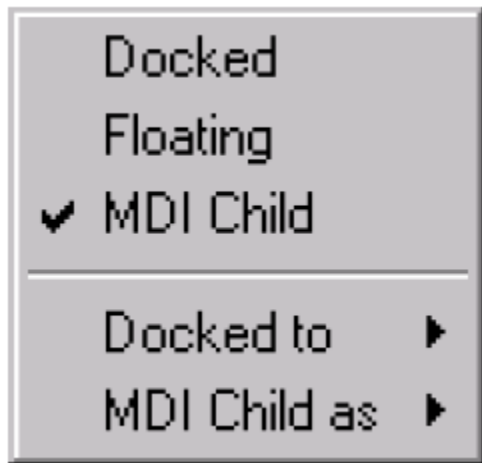


Then, your screen should look something like this, after you've replaced the default Project file File name with your preferred name (in this instance, My Tiger Lake Project):

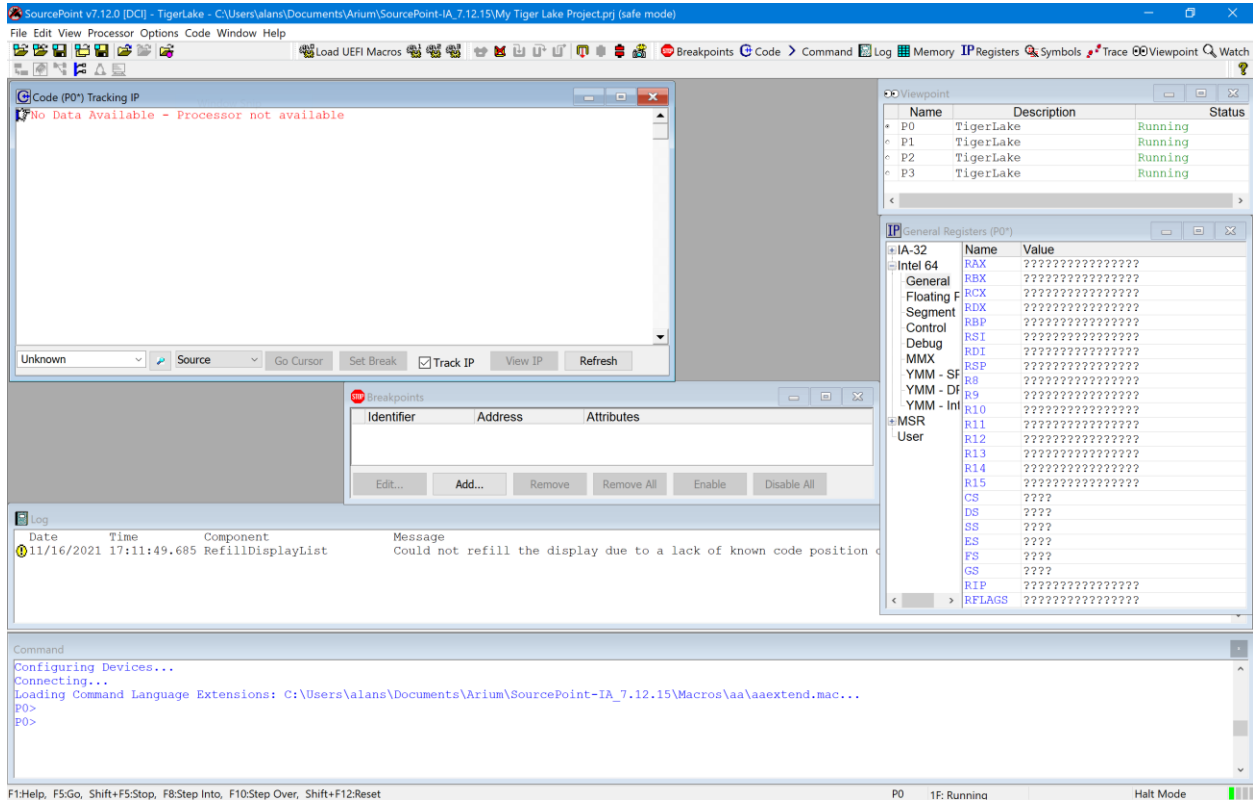
Hit **Next**, then **Finish**, and SourcePoint should successfully connect to the target. You should see “JtagTest: Successful operation” followed by “Configuration state: Connected” in the Status bar at the bottom left:



Now the fun part begins. Click on the buttons at the top to set up the Viewpoint, Code, Command, Registers and other windows to your own preference. Move the windows around and resize them to take best advantage of your available screen real estate. You can right-click in the title bar of each window to change its type and, for example, to dock the window to the bottom, right side, etc.

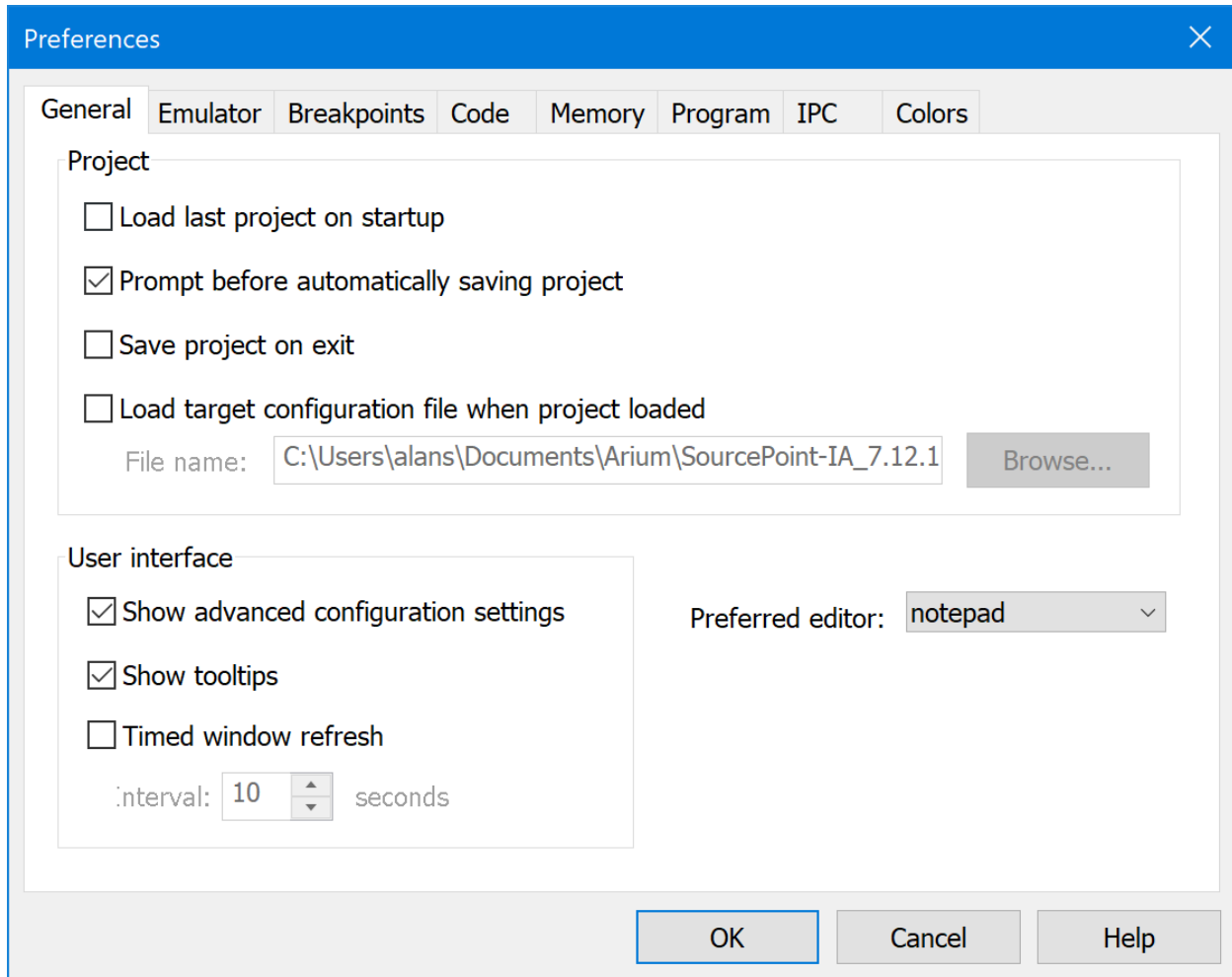


A sample layout is below:



**Power Tip:** the window layout can be saved as a separate file. That way, when you create a new Project, you can just Load the layout file separately, without having to create and move the windows around again. Choose **File > Layout > Save Layout...** to create a .lyt file, and then do a **Load Layout...** to save yourself time every time you create a new Project.

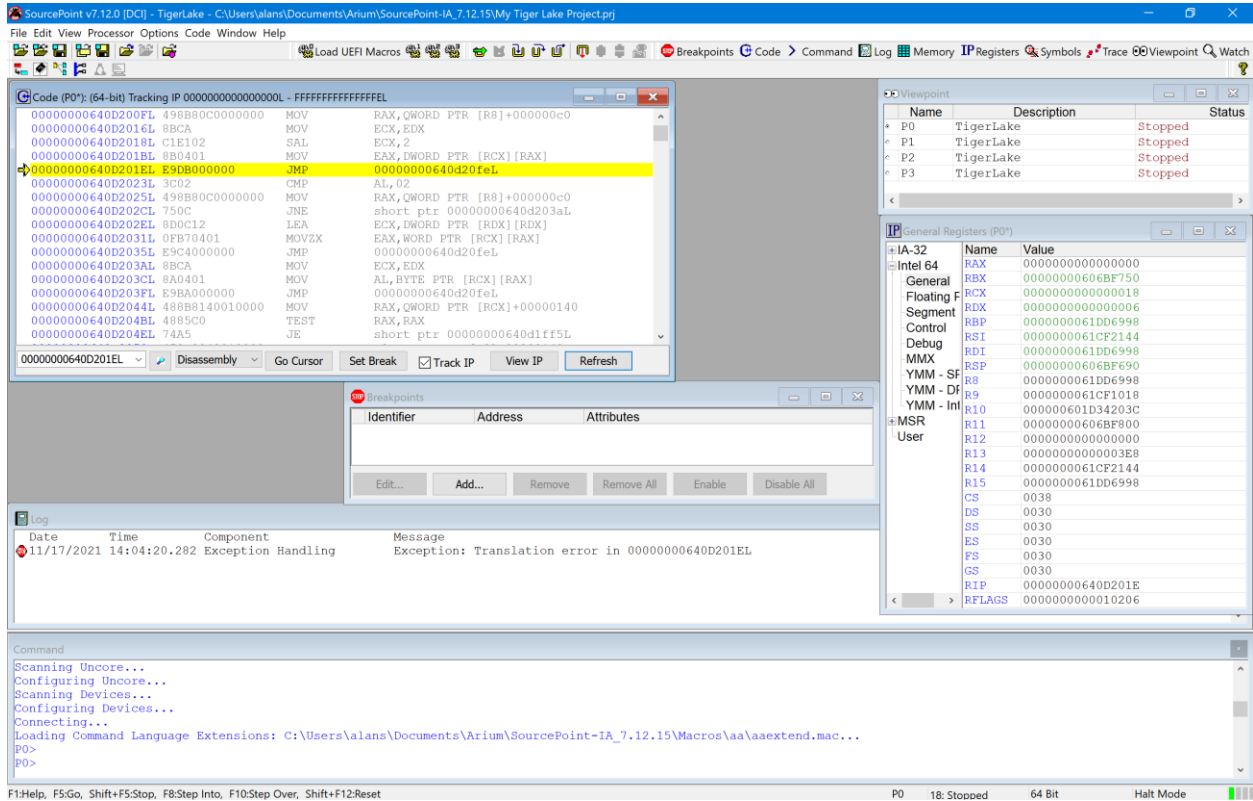
**Power Tip:** Exploring **Options > Preferences...** and some of the other menu items may give you some more labor-saving ideas. For instance, I like to ensure that both **Load last project on startup** and **Save project on exit** are disabled. This gives me more control on entry and exit from the application:



Others prefer to check `Save project on exit`. It's a matter of preference.

This is a good point to do a `Project > Save Project...` That way, you don't have to start all over, if for some reason your project gets messed up.

At this point, you are ready to fully begin your debug session. Many of the operations can be accessed via the toolbar at the top of the screen. You can issue a `Stop` on the target, `Step Into`, `Reset` and halt at the reset vector, set some breakpoints, `Go` to the breakpoint, and so on. Use the buttons at the top, in the SourcePoint Icon toolbar section, to initiate these actions. Use the function keys (i.e. F8 for Step Into) as you gain experience.



Hit the **Refresh** button in the Code window after the first Stop. This is only necessary once, to get out of Safe Mode; the Code window will automatically refresh with all run-control operations (stop, go, single-step, etc.) afterwards.

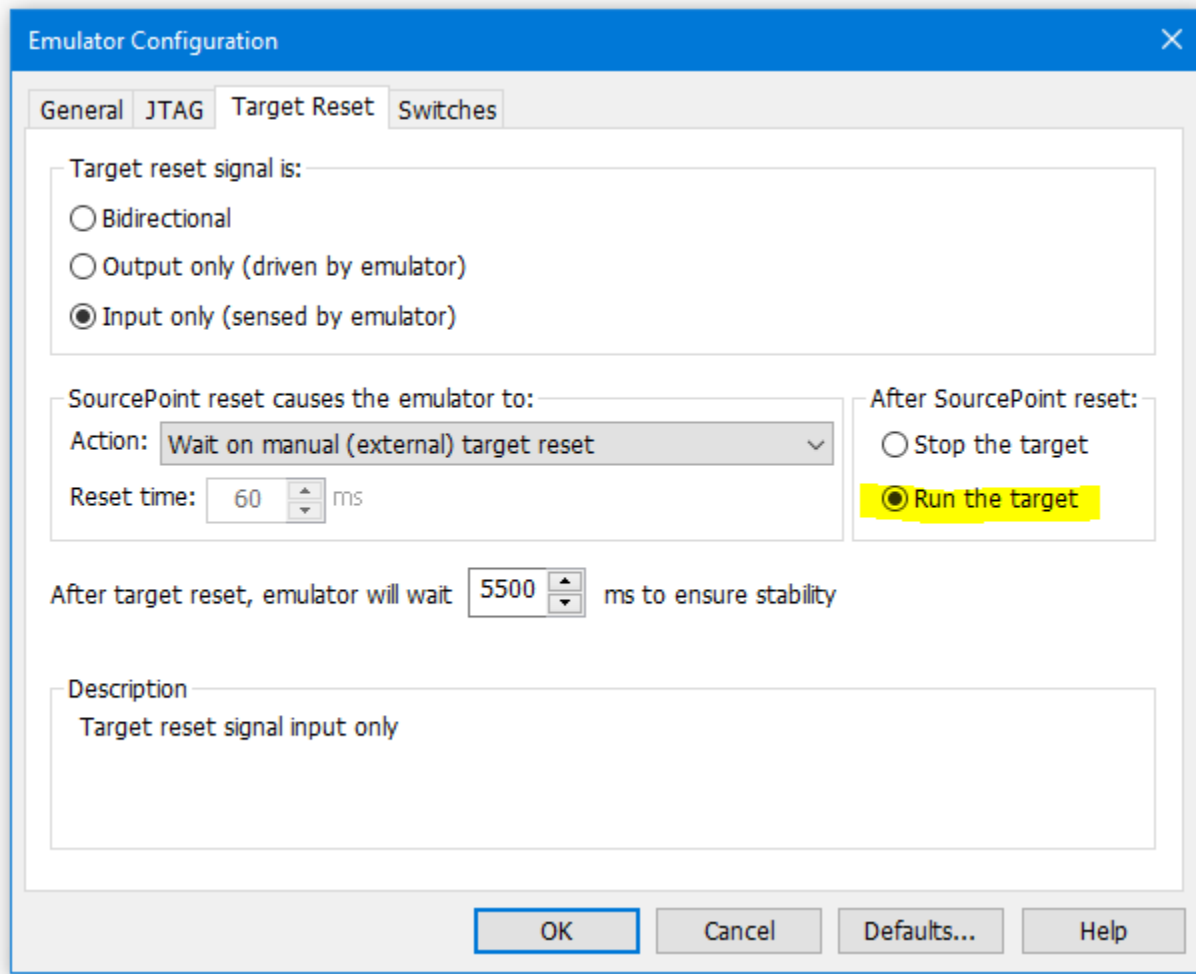
Refer to the [SourcePoint User Guide](#) in your install directory for detailed instructions on using all of the tool's features.

The board will halt automatically at the reset vector when you hit the SourcePoint Reset button (don't do this yet!):

```

Code (P0*): (16-bit) Tracking IP 00000000L - FFFFFFFFL
FFFFFFEBL 0000      ADD     BYTE PTR [BX+SI],AL
FFFFFFEDL 0000      ADD     BYTE PTR [BX+SI],AL
FFFFFFEFL 00       DB     00
FFFFFFF0L 90       NOF
FFFFFFF1L 90       NOP
FFFFFFF2L E923C0    JMP     near16 ptr ffffc018L
FFFFFFF5L 0000      ADD     BYTE PTR [BX+SI],AL
FFFFFFF7L 00FB     ADD     BL,BH
FFFFFFF9L 0000      ADD     BYTE PTR [BX+SI],AL
FFFFFFFBL 0000      ADD     BYTE PTR [BX+SI],AL
FFFFFFFDL 00FC     ADD     AH,BH
FFFFFFFFL FF       DB     ff
  
```

This is NOT desirable, because the latest AAEON Tiger Lake boards have issues recovering from the reset vector to implement AET. It is recommended that you disable the default halt at the reset vector by going to the Options > Emulator Configuration > Target Reset and click on “Run the target” in the “After SourcePoint reset” box:



Congratulations, you have mastered SourcePoint’s basic capabilities, and are using run-control. Many users are content to just use these basic operations, because run-control by itself is very powerful. However, if you wish to master the product and use some of its more advanced features, read on.



## Advanced Topics: Using Trace

Trace is by far one of the most useful debugging utilities for triaging the most difficult, hard-to-reproduce bugs. Fortunately, the Tiger Lake CPU is equipped with all the latest-and-greatest Intel trace logic, and SourcePoint supports them all.

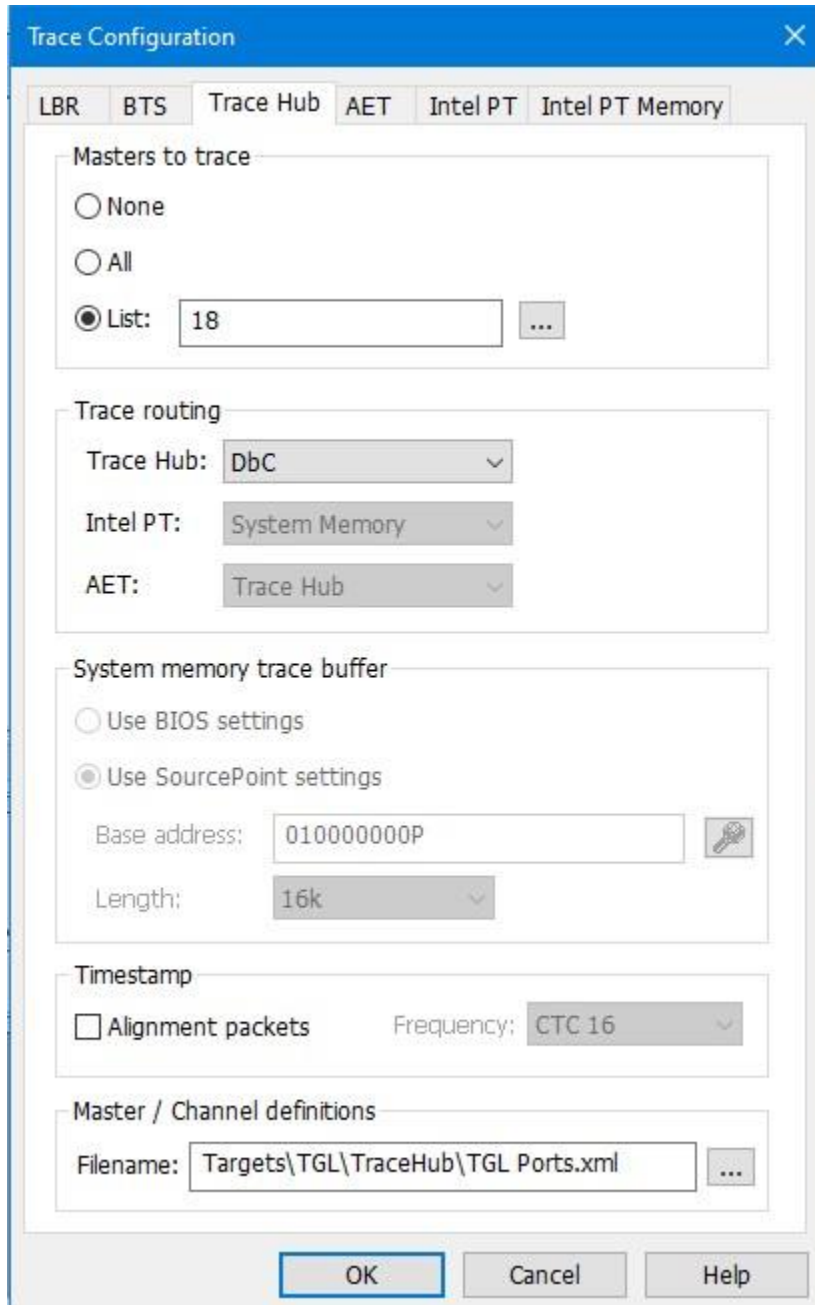
Let's look at a few of them, and how to configure their use in SourcePoint.

### First Step: Configuring the Intel Trace Hub

Event tracing on the TGL platform is accomplished by the Intel Trace Hub. Fortunately, using DCI, events supported by the Intel Trace Hub can be streamed directly out of the system, well before Windows boots.

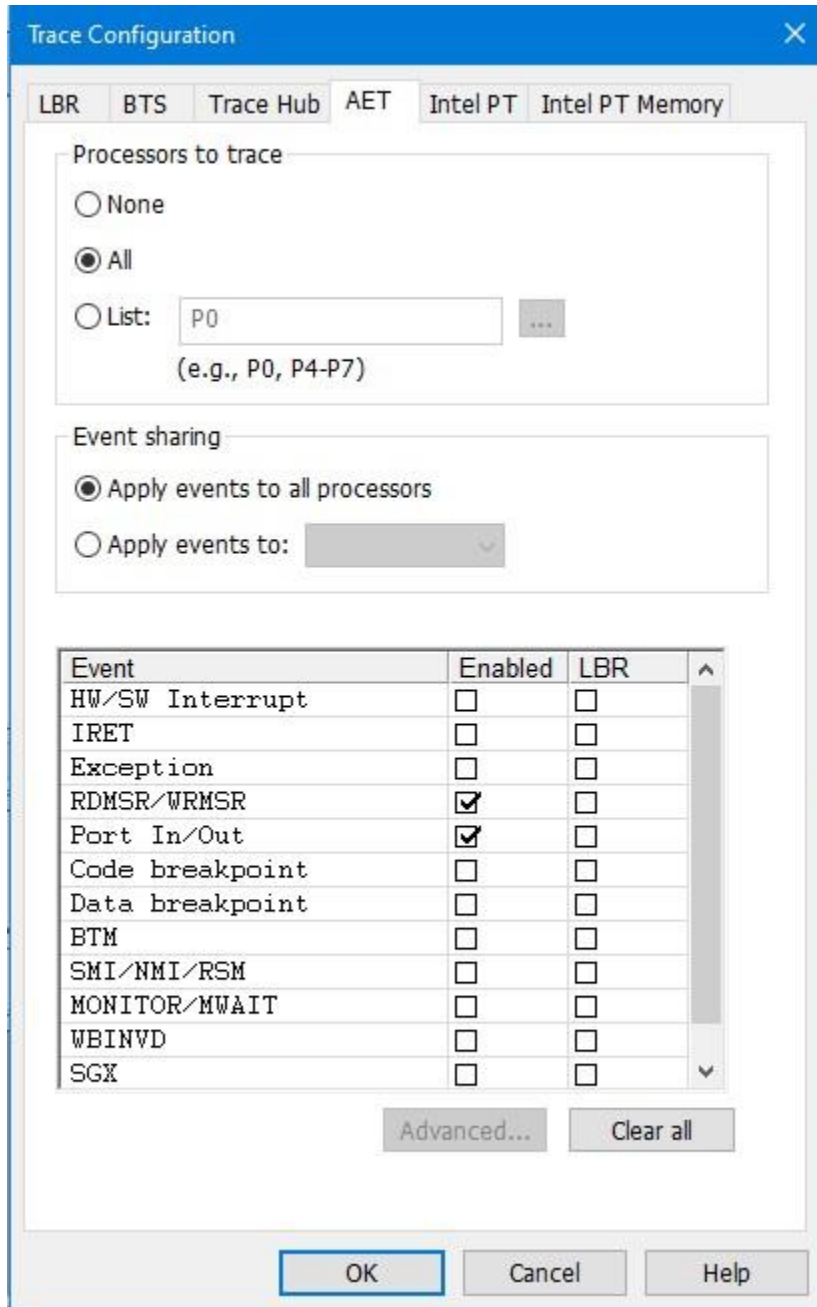
Boot to the UEFI shell. This is accomplished by powering on the target, and pressing the F7 key until you come to the password entry screen. Note the [Power Tip](#) above that references the newer Celeron boards, and the workaround necessary to get the target to power up.

Click on the `Trace` button in the toolbar at the top, to open the Trace window; then click on the `Configure...` button; then click on the `Trace Hub` tab. Set the settings as below:



## Architectural Event Trace

Once the Trace Hub has been enabled for the features you need, click on the AET tab, select All as Processors to trace, and select RDMSR/WRMSR and Port In/Out as events to trace:

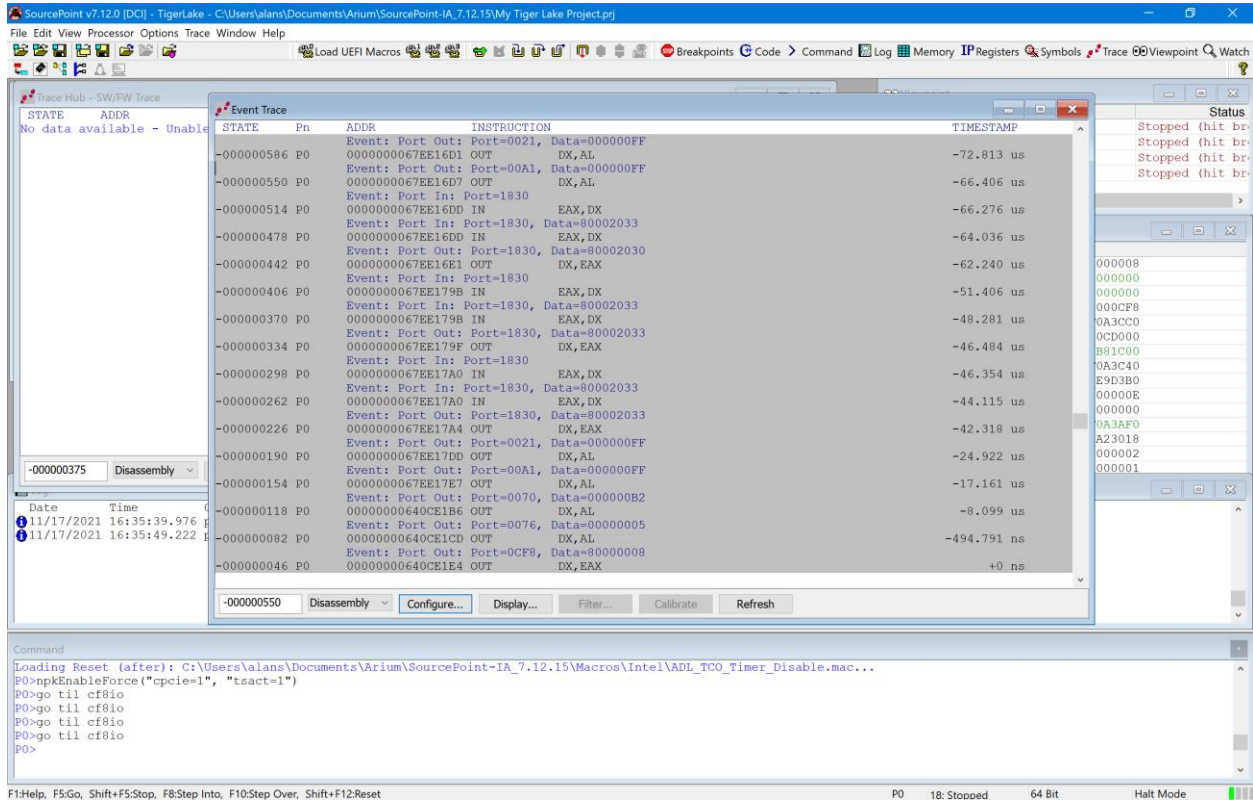


Now, you can simply do a Go/Stop to capture the event trace data. Below shows using the Command window to simulate a break on any read/write of port x'CF8', the PCI CONFIG\_ADDRESS. This is done by typing the following into the Command window:

```
go til cf8io
```

This will run the target until the next IN or OUT to CF8.

After issuing the command, you'll see something like this:



Scrolling up a little, you'll see a mix of Port In/Out and RDMSR/WRMSR, all timestamped.

**Power tip:** The Last Branch Record (LBR) stack associated with each event can be captured as well. This is a very powerful debugging utility, especially when troubleshooting code execution leading up to events before system memory is initialized and Intel Processor Trace is available.

Trace Configuration
✕

LBR

BTS

Trace Hub

AET

Intel PT

Intel PT Memory

Processors to trace

None

All

List:

(e.g., P0, P4-P7)

Event sharing

Apply events to all processors

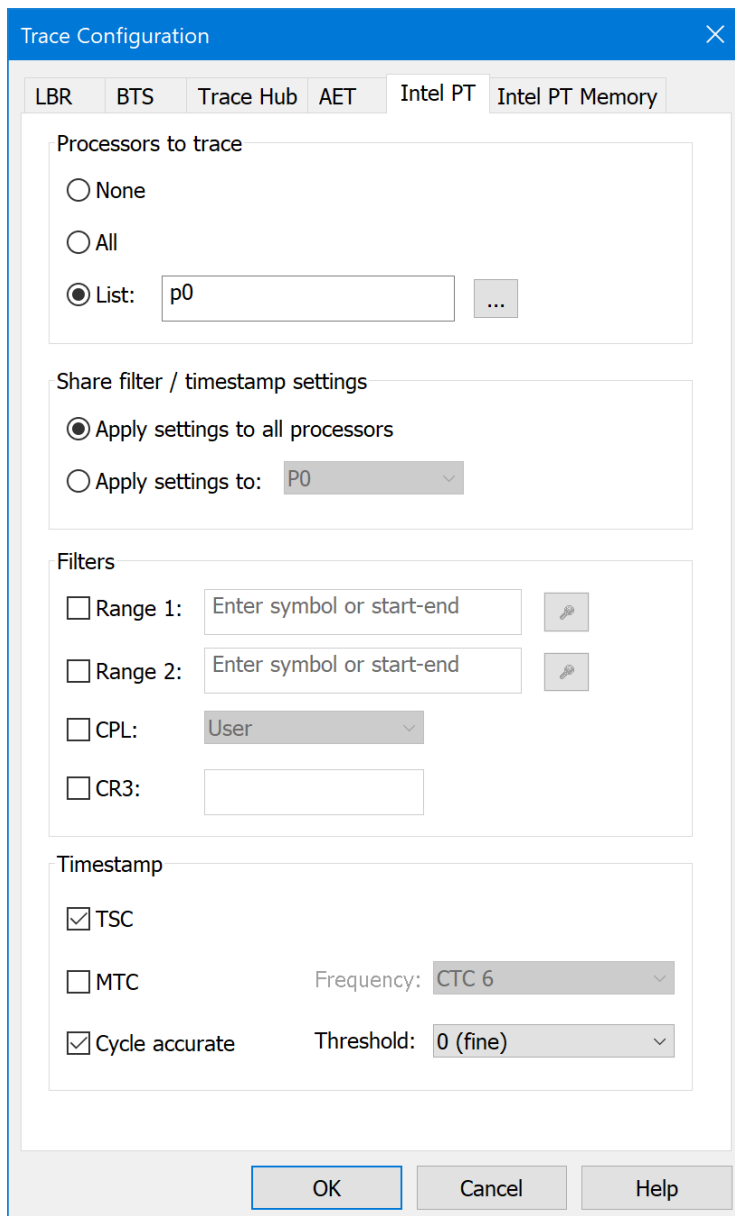
Apply events to:

Event	Enabled	LBR
HW/SW Interrupt	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IRET	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exception	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
RDMSR/WRMSR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Port In/Out	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Code breakpoint	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Data breakpoint	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BTM	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SMI/NMI/RSM	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
MONITOR/MWAIT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
WBINVD	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SGX	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

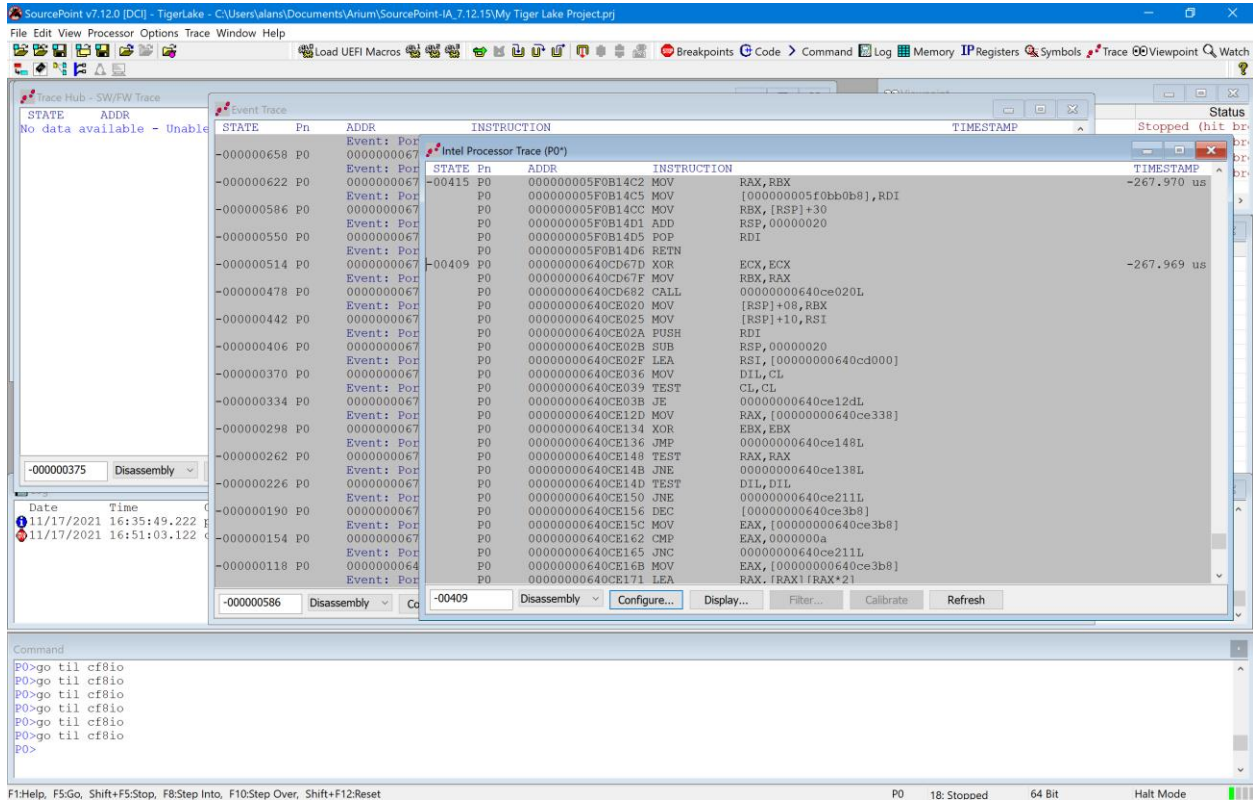
## Intel Processor Trace

Intel Processor Trace (Intel PT) is available only after system memory is initialized.

It's easy to set up. Click on the `Trace` button in the top toolbar, click the `Configure...` button, click on the `Intel PT` tab, put `p0` in `Processors to trace`, and be sure that `TSC` and `Cycle accurate` under the `Timestamp` heading are enabled:



That's all. Then use the `go til cf8io` trick to capture some instruction trace data:



There's a lot more that you can see and do with these Trace utilities. SourcePoint can use Intel PT to display a Call Chart and Call Tree. You can open up Code Tracking windows that update dynamically as you walk through the code, showing you exactly where you are and the interaction between code and events. When you have source and symbols available, the firmware flow becomes much more intuitive and visual. Indulge your curiosity and imagination.

The video at <https://www.asset-intertech.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/UP-Xtreme-i11-Getting-Started.mp4> shows some of these capabilities. The [SourcePoint User Guide](#) also provides a very thorough, comprehensive review of the tool. And visit our [SourcePoint Academy](#) for helpful "How To" content.

## Troubleshooting Tips

At some point, you'll run into something strange. We're the first to admit that JTAG-based run-control and trace are not always deterministic. JTAG is a 30-year hardware protocol, and when something goes astray at a very low level, SourcePoint tries to (but sometimes doesn't) recover gracefully. There will be times that the board will power cycle on its own. Or the firmware thinks that a thread is running but gets out of sync with the SourcePoint software, which thinks it's halted. Or the DbCStatus.exe ball stays red instead of turning green, while you swear you have a good DbC connection. Sometimes you have no choice but to quit SourcePoint and power cycle the target. That usually clears up the one-of's. But if the issue is repeatable, we ask that you collect as much information as you can, and open a ticket with us at <https://www.asset-intertech.com/support/>. We'll respond as soon as possible.

In the meantime, here are a few errata that we've noticed on the UP Xtreme i11, and the steps needed to mitigate.

### Firmware gets out of sync with software

On the host PC using DCI, functionality is roughly partitioned between software (SourcePoint application with its GUI) and a process called AssetDCI. Broad-brushing it, SourcePoint software on the host communicates with AssetDCI, that encapsulates JTAG traffic into packets which are sent to the PCH, which in turn performs the JTAG mastering function.

Somewhere along the line, the firmware may get out of sync with the software. You may see symptoms like:

*In the Viewpoint window, the threads are shown as Running, whereas the Status Bar at the bottom right shows Stopped.*

*P0 in the Viewpoint window is Running, with one or more threads below it are in the Stopped state.*

If this happens, you'll likely have to quit SourcePoint, kill the AssetDCI process (see below), power-cycle the target, then start over. Sorry. Then please enter `aaalog = 20987` in the `Command` window to get verbose logs, and try to reproduce. We're extremely interested in these cases, so capture the verbose logs in the `Log` window and send to us.

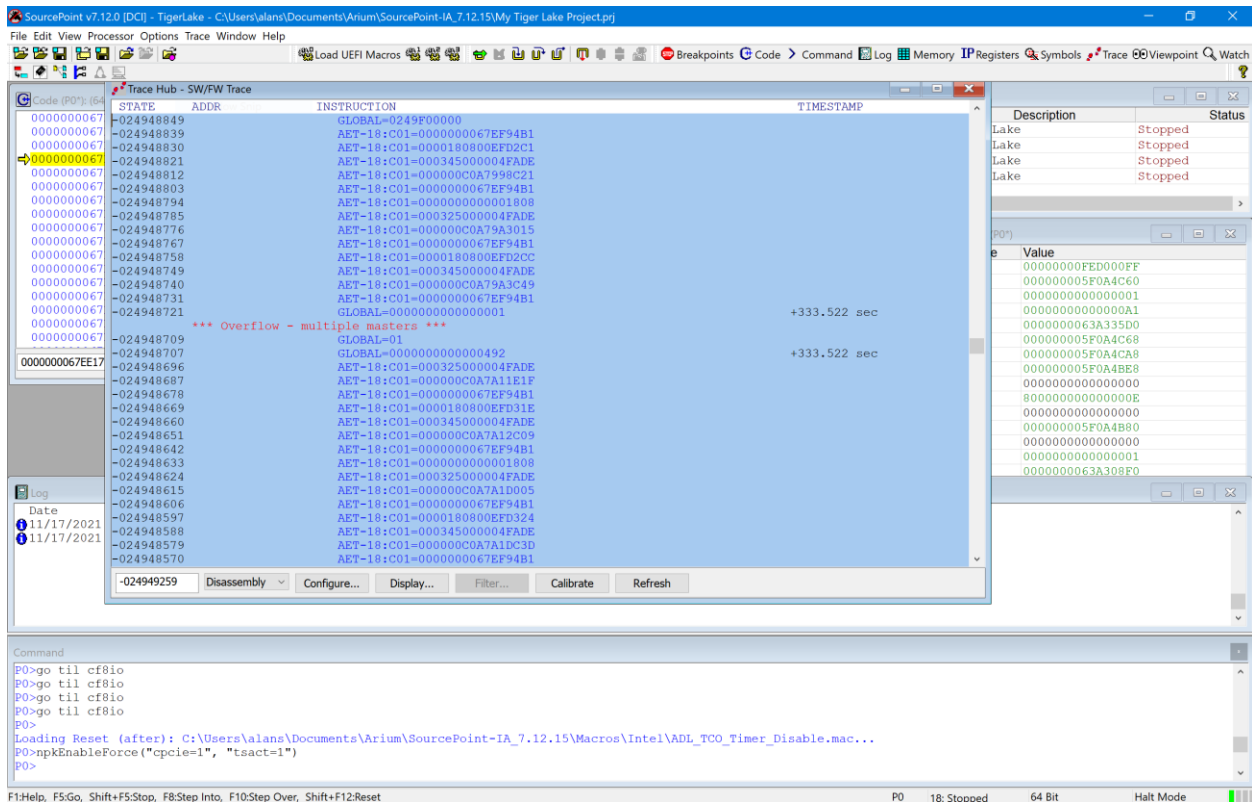
### Trace buffer overflows

DCI traffic processing has its limitations. When you try to collect too much trace data, the trace buffer overflows, causing aberrant behavior.



Although the trace data is highly compressed, some trace sources, specifically with AET, running through the Trace Hub can exceed the capacity of the USB 2.0 connection. In theory running at 480Mbps, in practicality SourcePoint can only process trace data at approximately 100Mbps. Beyond that, we collect ~ 20kB of trace data before a buffer in SourcePoint overflows, and we don't recovery gracefully.

You'll see these symptoms of this occurrence in the SW/FW Trace window:



A few of these overflows are no big deal. But, if you're tracing a huge amount of data, SourcePoint may spin, as it tries to process all that data, and deal with the mess. Sometimes, after maybe a few minutes, it recovers. Sometimes, you end up in limbo.

The only solution at this point is to quit SourcePoint, do an End task on the AssetDCI Background process, power cycle the target, and start over:

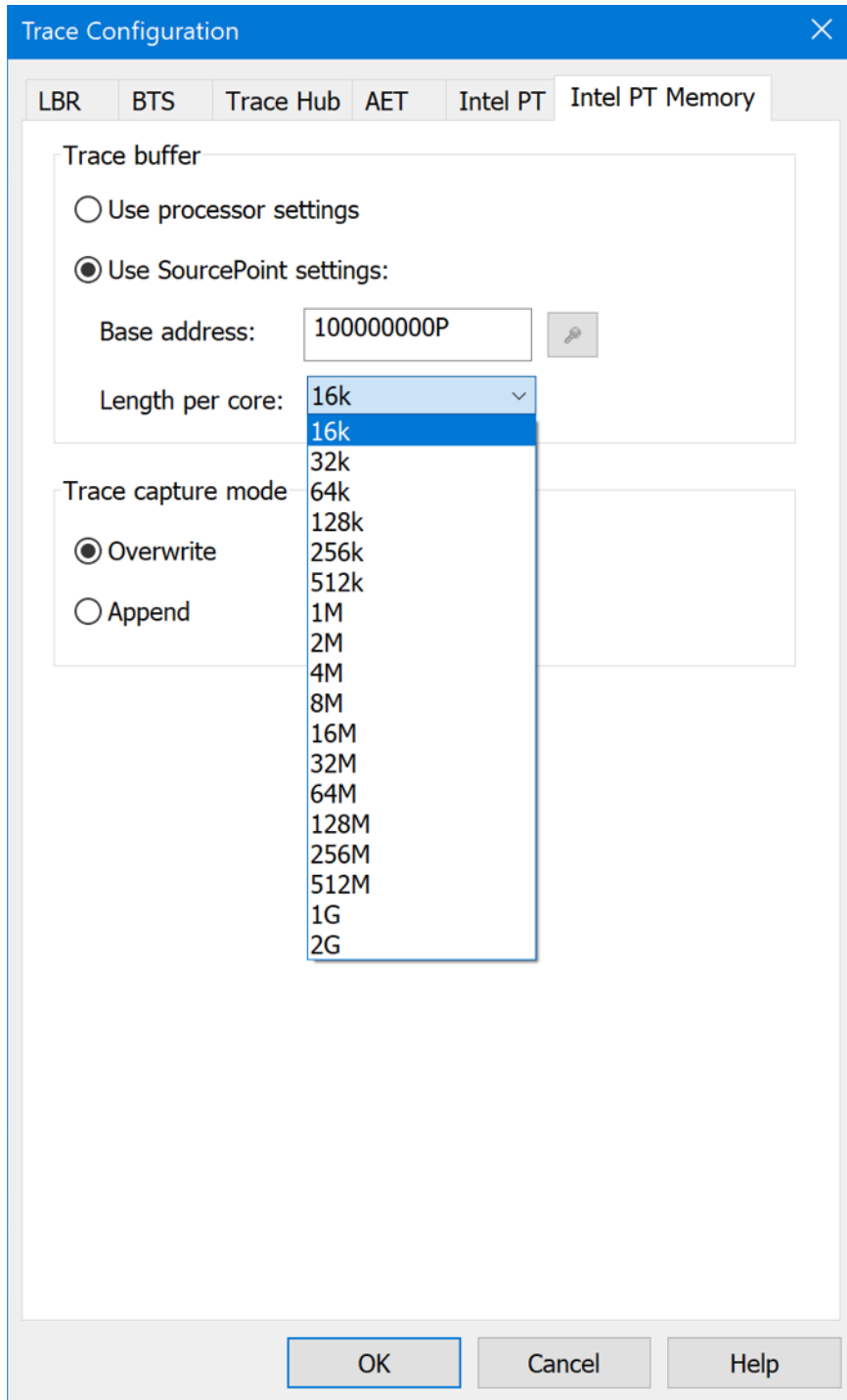
Name	Status	31% CPU	84% Memory
Adobe Collaboration Synchronizer 21.7 (32 bit)		0%	1.2 MB
Adobe Collaboration Synchronizer 21.7 (32 bit)		0%	1.1 MB
Adobe Collaboration Synchronizer 21.7 (32 bit)		0%	2.0 MB
Adobe Collaboration Synchronizer 21.7 (32 bit)		0%	2.2 MB
Adobe Genuine Software Integrity Service		0%	1.2 MB
Adobe Genuine Software Service		0%	1.7 MB
Adobe Installer		0%	0.9 MB
Adobe IPC Broker (32 bit)		0%	2.8 MB
Adobe Update Service		0%	1.1 MB
Application Frame Host		0%	8.3 MB
ariumlmd daemon		0%	1.4 MB
AssetDCI (32 bit)		0%	51.5 MB
CCLibraries		0%	0.1 MB
CCXProcess		0%	0.1 MB

Ultimately, we’re working on improving the performing of the AssetDCI driver, and behaving more graciously when an overflow is encountered. But, in the interim, it is key to ensure that the trace data collected is relatively “sparse”. Focus your debugging in the specific area of interest. Don’t try to collect all Port IN/OUT from the reset vector all the way through to the UEFI shell. At 750K I/Os per second, you’ll swamp the host debugger processing, and you can’t deal with all that data anyway.

Note that this only happens with AET – that is, you can only overflow by collecting too much AET data. It does not apply to LBR, SW/FW Trace, SVEN, or Intel PT. It may take some trial and error to limit the scope of your event data collection.

## Intel Processor Trace – Slow!

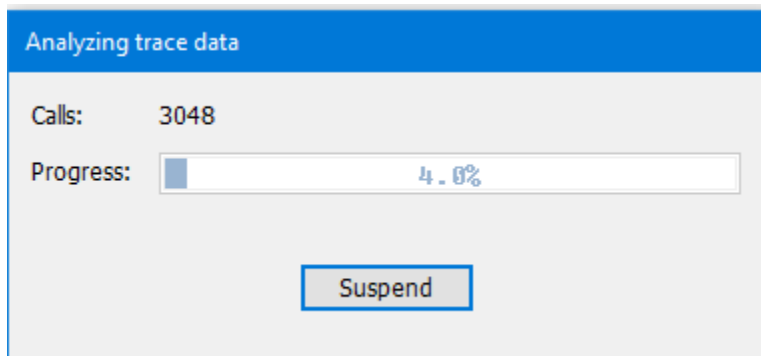
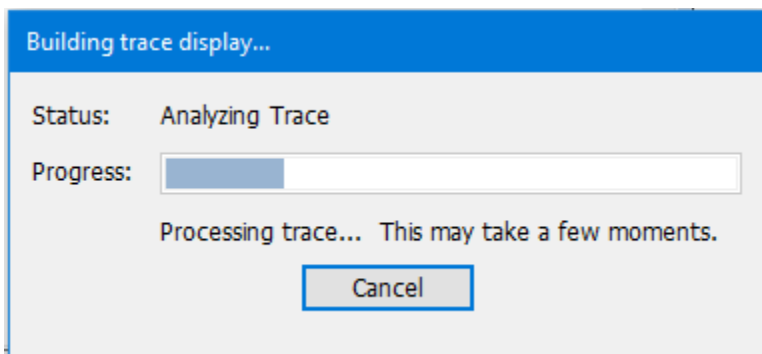
When you configure Intel PT, you can specify the size of the buffer in system memory to collect trace data:



Note that Intel PT directs instruction trace data to system memory. Although highly compact and efficient, we are not streaming over DCI to the host in this case; we buffer the code execution data until the platform is halted, at which point SourcePoint uses JTAG over DCI to collect the trace data out of system memory, reconstruct and display

it. JTAG operates at fairly low speeds, and for large buffer sizes the transfer of all that data can be slow. It starts to become noticeable beyond a buffer size of 64kB.

SourcePoint compensates for that by only pulling in the trace data that's local to the code display you are in. Scrolling up in the Intel PT window will prompt SourcePoint to pull in more trace data, and display it. Be patient when this happens. If you try to collect 1GB of data from system memory over JTAG, it will take a long while for this all to be available. Displaying the Call Chart for this much data will take a while. You'll see this after initial trace data collection (that only takes a few seconds), but scrolling to the top of the Intel PT window with a 1MB trace buffer (which gives you ~ 300ms of execution trace data) takes ~30 seconds, and then doing a Call Chart takes over 10 minutes. Be patient.



## My board is not booting – what now?

Once in a while, especially during an intense debug session, we have found that the target goes into la-la land. You get to the UP splash screen, and then it just stops. Or the screen stays black. SourcePoint run-control continues to work, but it won't boot all the way up to the UEFI shell. Quitting SourcePoint, unplugging the DCI cable, killing the AssetDCI process, knocking out the AssetDCI process – all are good steps in this instance, when you need to recover.

But then, once in a while, you wait the needed 20 seconds; and it doesn't boot. The screen stays blank or frozen. We know that happens with the newest Celerons, and there's a [workaround](#) for that, but this might not be the issue.

Don't panic! For reasons we're not sure of just yet, after about 60 seconds, the board "wakes up" and should boot all the way to the UEFI shell.

Clearing the CMOS on the target has also been known to help when it still won't boot up. There's only one thing: it has gone back to the factory settings, so you'll need to reset the WDT timer, and perform the other steps, as per [BIOS Settings](#) section in this manual.

Then, you'll be back in business.

## Conclusion

Thank you for getting this far! We hope that you have enjoyed the ride, and are using the power of SourcePoint successfully in your debugging and learning journeys.

Feel free to browse the SourcePoint Academy at <https://www.asset-intertech.com/sourcepoint-academy/> for helpful reference guides, help material and “how to” videos.

If you ever have any questions, please call, email or open a Support Case here: <https://www.asset-intertech.com/support/>. We'll be glad to help!